

VOLUME 39, NUMBER 5  
May 2022

ISSN 0189 - 160X

---

# WAJM

---

**WEST AFRICAN JOURNAL OF MEDICINE**

ORIGINALITY AND EXCELLENCE IN MEDICINE AND SURGERY



**OFFICIAL PUBLICATION OF**  
THE WEST AFRICAN COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND  
WEST AFRICAN COLLEGE OF SURGEONS



[www.wajmed.org](http://www.wajmed.org)



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION .....	1C
INFORMATION FOR AUTHORS .....	1F
EDITORIAL NOTES .....	437
<b>ORIGINAL ARTICLES</b>	
<b>Perceived Stress and Coping Strategies among Adults with Asthma in Ile-Ife, Nigeria .....</b>	<b>441</b>
A. O. Arawomo, J. O. Erhabor, A. Akinsulore, O. F. Awopeju, A. O. Ajayi, G. E. Erhabor	
<b>A Comparative Study of Uterine Artery Doppler Parameters and Endometrial Characteristics in Women with Unexplained Infertility and Fertile Women at a Nigerian Teaching Hospital .....</b>	<b>451</b>
A. E. Smart, G. O. Obajimi, A. J. Adekanmi, M. O. Obajimi	
<b>An Evaluation of a Supervised School Tooth Brushing Program on Plaque and Gingival Scores of a Group of Rural Nigerian Primary School Children .....</b>	<b>459</b>
S. P. Ozoemena, N. K. Onyejaka, E. F. Ani, O. F. Eboh, E. O. Odo	
<b>Correlative Ultrasound Evaluation of Anterior Abdominal Wall Subcutaneous Tissue Thickness in Type 2 Diabetic and Non-Diabetic Adults.....</b>	<b>465</b>
A. A. Adeyekun, J. P. Okojie, M. M. Abubakar, E. E. Efe-Aluta	
<b>Informed Consent: The Surgical Patient's Experience in a Tertiary Hospital in Northwest Nigeria .....</b>	<b>471</b>
B. A. Grema, S. T. Tanimu, G. C. Michael, I. Aliyu, S. A. Aji, I. U. Takai, A. I. Sulaiman	
<b>Knowledge of Environmental and Genetic Risk Factors for Cleft Lip and Palate among Dwellers of a Suburban Community in Nigeria .....</b>	<b>479</b>
U. P. Egbunah, A. A. Adekunle, W. L. Adeyemo	
<b>Policy Proposal for Integration of Tobacco Cessation Interventions into Oral Health Care in Dental Settings .....</b>	<b>486</b>
A. Oyapero, O. Erinoso, O. Olatosi	
<b>Acute Leukaemias in Bauchi State, Northeastern Nigeria: Pattern of Presentations and Clinical Entities .....</b>	<b>497</b>
R. A. Dachi, F. G. Mustapha, M. Mahdi, H. Abbas	
<b>Correlates of Depression among Elderly Patients Attending the General Out-Patient Department of a Tertiary Hospital in Northwestern Nigeria .....</b>	<b>501</b>
F. Damagum, B. A. Grema, G. C. Michael	
<b>Use of Herbal Medicine by Rural Residents in Lagos, Nigeria .....</b>	<b>508</b>
T. M. Oyeleye, I. P. Okafor	
<b>Early Experience of Laparoscopic Surgery in a Teaching Hospital in Rural Nigeria .....</b>	<b>516</b>
C. C. Adumah, A. O. Mosanya, O. F. Salami, O. K. Apata, I. O. Ogundele, E. C. Onuoha	
<b>Prevalence and Factors Associated with Depression among Resident Doctors in Nigeria: A Multi-Center Study .....</b>	<b>521</b>
R. E. Obilom, C. T. Amanyam, A. M. Ogunbode, O. A. Mosuro, G. U. Ndukwu, F. M. Onuoha, B. A. Grema, M. D. Akangoziri	
<b>Prevalence and Correlates of Suicidal Ideation among Medical Students in a Tertiary Institution in Southern Nigeria.....</b>	<b>529</b>
B. E. A. Uteh, O. A. Adejumo, R. E. Ogbolu, J. O. Omoaregba, A. A. Akinnuoye	
<b>Severe Cutaneous Adverse Drug Reactions in Children: Epidemiological, Clinical and Etiological Aspects in Dermatology-Venereology Unit at National and Teaching Hospital of Cotonou .....</b>	<b>538</b>
B. Dégbhé, C. Koudoukpo, C. D'Almeida, A. Kouassi, C. Nguessie, F. Akpadjan, H. Adégbidi, F. Atadokpédé	
<b>MEDICAL EDUCATION FORUM</b>	
<b>Clinical Summary and Reasoning Format: Cognition Levels and Proposal of a Grading System .....</b>	<b>543</b>
E. A. Disu, A. N. Ikefuna, F. O. Njokanma, K. E. Nkanginieme	
<b>CASE REPORT</b>	
<b>Depression and Suicidality in a Covid-19 Patient: A Case Report from Calabar, Nigeria .....</b>	<b>548</b>
B. E. Edet, E. A. Essien, M. B. Ugobo, C. J. Okafor, E. O. Olose, V. A. Essien	
<b>INDEX TO VOLUME 39, NO. 5, 2022</b>	
<b>Author Index .....</b>	<b>552</b>
<b>Subject Index .....</b>	<b>553</b>



## ORIGINAL ARTICLE

### A Comparative Study of Uterine Artery Doppler Parameters and Endometrial Characteristics in Women with Unexplained Infertility and Fertile Women at a Nigerian Teaching Hospital

*Une Étude Comparative des Paramètres Doppler de l'Artère Utérine et des Caractéristiques de l'Endomètre chez les Femmes Atteintes d'Infertilité Inexpliquée et les Femmes Fertiles dans un Hôpital Universitaire Nigérian*

<sup>1</sup>A. E. Smart, <sup>2</sup>G. O. Obajimi, <sup>3,4\*</sup>A. J. Adekanmi, <sup>3</sup>M. O. Obajimi

#### ABSTRACT

**OBJECTIVES:** To investigate the uterine artery Doppler parameters and endometrial characteristics in women with unexplained infertility.

**METHODS:** A prospective case-control study of 42 women with unexplained infertility and 42 fertile controls. Their mid-luteal phase transvaginal Doppler parameters of both uterine arteries and endometrial characteristics (endometrial blood flow, thickness and volume) were investigated and analysed. P values  $\leq 0.05$  was statistically significant.

**RESULTS:** The mean uterine artery pulsatility index (PI) and resistivity index (RI) of the cases (women with unexplained infertility) were significantly higher compared to the values in the fertile controls ( $PI = 2.81 \pm 0.61$  vs  $2.15 \pm 0.65$ ;  $p=0.001$ ) ( $RI = 0.87 \pm 0.08$  vs  $0.82 \pm 0.07$ ;  $p=0.003$ ). In addition, the end-diastolic volume (EDV) ( $6.12 \pm 4.17$  vs  $9.37 \pm 5.14$ ;  $p=0.007$ ) and endometrial-subendometrial blood flow ( $p=0.036$ ) were significantly lower in the cases compared to the controls. Multivariate logistics analysis showed that PI was independently associated with infertile status ( $p=0.006$ ).

There was no significant difference in the mean PSV ( $48.69 \pm 10.9$  vs  $50.58 \pm 11.30$ ;  $p=0.602$ ), endometrial thickness ( $10.30 \pm 3.13$  vs  $10.72 \pm 3.10$ ;  $p=0.544$ ), endometrial volume ( $7.82 \pm 1.56$  vs  $8.23 \pm 1.71$ ;  $p=0.323$ ), mean age ( $32.28 \pm 4.062$  vs  $31.91 \pm 3.58$  years;  $p=0.502$ ), body mass index ( $26.15 \pm 2.71 \text{ kg/m}^2$  vs  $25.24 \pm 2.85 \text{ kg/m}^2$ ;  $p=0.18$ ) menstrual bleeding days ( $4.07 \pm 0.89$  days vs  $4.02 \pm 0.95$  days;  $p=0.481$ ) duration of menstrual cycle ( $28.02 \pm 1.09$  days vs  $27.64 \pm 1.36$  days;  $p=0.162$ ), smoking history ( $p=0.909$ ) and alcohol intake ( $p=0.507$ ) of the infertile women compared with the fertile controls, respectively.

**CONCLUSION:** Women with unexplained infertility have significantly increased uterine artery Doppler PI and RI and reduced endometrial-subendometrial perfusion compared with fertile controls.

**WAJM 2022; 39(5): 451–458.**

**Keywords:** Unexplained infertility, Uterine artery, Doppler, Endometrial characteristics.

#### RÉSUMÉ

**OBJECTIFS:** Étudier les paramètres Doppler de l'artère utérine et les caractéristiques de l'endomètre chez les femmes atteintes d'infertilité inexpliquée.

**MÉTHODES:** Une étude cas-témoins prospective de 42 femmes atteintes d'infertilité inexpliquée et 42 témoins fertiles. Leur phase mi-lutéaleles paramètres Doppler transvaginaux des artères utérines et des caractéristiques de l'endomètre (flux sanguin de l'endomètre, épaisseur et volume) ont été étudiés et analysés. Les valeurs  $P \leq 0,05$  étaient statistiquement significatives.

**RÉSULTATS:** L'indice moyen de pulsatilité de l'artère utérine (IP) et indice de résistivité (IR) des cas (femmes atteintes d'infertilité inexpliquée) étaient significativement plus élevées par rapport aux valeurs des témoins fertiles ( $PI = 2,81 \pm 0,61$  vs  $2,15 \pm 0,65$ ;  $p = 0,001$ ) ( $RI = 0,87 \pm 0,08$  vs  $0,82 \pm 0,07$ ;  $p = 0,003$ ). De plus, le volume diastolique final (EDV) ( $6,12 \pm 4,17$  vs  $9,37 \pm 5,14$ ;  $p = 0,007$ ) et endométriale-sous-endométriale débit sanguin ( $p = 0,036$ ) était significativement plus faible dans les cas comparés aux contrôles. L'analyse logistique multivariée a montré que PI était indépendamment associé au statut infertile ( $p = 0,006$ ). Il n'y avait pas de différence significative dans le PSV moyen ( $48,69 \pm 10,9$  vs  $50 h 58 \pm 11 h 30$ ;  $p = 0,602$ ), épaisseur de l'endomètre ( $10,30 \pm 3,13$  vs  $10,72 \pm 3,10$ ;  $p = 0,544$ ), volume de l'endomètre ( $7,82 \pm 1,56$  vs  $8,23 \pm 1,71$ ;  $p = 0,323$ ), âge moyen ( $32,28 \pm 4,062$  vs  $31,91 \pm 3,58$  ans;  $p = 0,502$ ), indice de masse corporelle ( $26,15 \pm 2,71 \text{ kg/m}^2$  vs  $25,24 \pm 2,85 \text{ kg/m}^2$ ;  $p = 0,18$ ) jours de saignements menstruels ( $4,07 \pm 0,89$  jours vs  $4,02 \pm 0,95$  jours;  $p = 0,481$ ) durée du cycle menstruel ( $28,02 \pm 1,09$  jours vs  $27,64 \pm 1,36$  jours;  $p = 0,162$ ), antécédents de tabagisme ( $p = 0,909$ ) et consommation d'alcool ( $p = 0,507$ ) des femmes infertiles par rapport aux témoins fertiles, respectivement.

**CONCLUSION:** Les femmes atteintes d'infertilité inexpliquée ont augmentation significative de l'artère utérine Doppler PI et RI et réduction perfusion endométriale-sous-endoudo-endométrique par rapport aux témoins fertiles. **WAJM 2022; 39(5): 451–458.**

**Mots-clés:** Infertilité inexpliquée, Artère utérine, Doppler, Caractéristiques de l'endomètre.

<sup>1</sup>Department of Radiology, University College Hospital, Ibadan, Oyo State, Nigeria. <sup>2</sup>Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, Faculty of Clinical Sciences, College of Medicine, University of Ibadan, Ibadan, Oyo State, Nigeria. <sup>3</sup>Department of Radiology, Faculty of Clinical Sciences, College of Medicine, University of Ibadan, Ibadan, Oyo State, Nigeria. <sup>4</sup>Institute of Cardiovascular Diseases, College of Medicine, University of Ibadan, Ibadan, Oyo State, Nigeria.

\*Correspondence: Dr. Ademola Joseph Adekanmi, Department of Radiology, Faculty of Clinical Sciences College of Medicine University of Ibadan, Ibadan, Oyo State, Nigeria. Email: kanmadiademola@hotmail.com

Abbreviations: **3D**, Three-dimensional; **AP**, Anteroposterior; **ART**, Assisted Reproductive Technique; **BMI**, Body Mass Index; **CI**, Confidence Interval; **EDV**, End Diastolic Velocity; **IVF**, *In vitro* Fertilization; **Kg**, Kilogram; **LS**, Longitudinal; **M**, Meter; **OR**, Odds Ratio; **PI**, Pulsatility Index; **PRF**, Pulse Repetitive Frequency; **PSV**, Peak Systolic Velocity; **RI**, Resistivity Index; **SPSS**, Statistical Package for Social Sciences; **TS**, Transverse; **VOCAL**, Virtual Organ Computer-Aided Analysis; **WF**, Wall Filter; **WHO**, World Health Organisation.